

## LEASE AGREEMENT

The declaration of the tenant's bankruptcy **does not** automatically **have any legal effects** on the lease agreement - its terms and conditions remain unchanged.



## TERMINATION / WITHDRAWAL

If the premises have not yet been handed over to the tenant on the date of declaration of bankruptcy, **both parties** may withdraw from the lease agreement (time limit: 2 months).

If the premises were already handed over then, the **receiver** may terminate the lease agreement (with 3-month notice).

If the tenant breaches the agreement, the lease may be terminated in accordance with the provisions of the agreement.



## CLAIMS AGAINST THE TENANT

Claims against the tenant existing at the time of declaring its bankruptcy should be **submitted to the receiver** within the time limit specified in the decision declaring bankruptcy.



## USING COLLATERALS



§777 FOR PAYMENT



§777 FOR HANDOVER OF  
THE PREMISES



BANK GUARANTEE



DEPOSIT

**§777 for payment** - the declaration of bankruptcy "blocks" the enforcement of debts: from the moment the decision declaring the tenant's bankruptcy is issued, the landlord will not be able to effectively use 777 to cover the monetary debt;

**§777 for handover of the premises** - the declaration of the tenant's bankruptcy does not affect the possibility of using 777 as regards the obligation to hand over the premises;

**Bank guarantee** - the declaration of the tenant's bankruptcy does not affect the possibility of using by the landlord the bank guarantee;

**Deposit** - the declaration of the tenant's bankruptcy does not affect the possibility of using by the landlord the deposit (remark: the receiver may attempt to withdraw from the deposit agreement to request return of its unused part);

## BEWARE OF CONTRACTUAL PENALTIES

The judge-commissioner may "invalidate" the contractual penalties imposed on the tenant (if the tenant's obligation was largely performed or if the penalty is grossly excessive).